CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

0452 ACCOUNTING

0452/12 Paper 1, maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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- 1 (a) D
 - (b) D
 - (c) D
 - (d) B
 - (e) A
 - (f) B
 - (g) C
 - (h) A
 - (i) A
 - (j) C (1) mark each

[Total: 10]

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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2 (a) Dividends (1)

Transfer to general reserve (1)

[2]

(b) Shareholders have a legally separate identity from that of the company in which they hold shares

OR

Shareholders are only responsible for the debts of the company up to the amount they agreed to pay for their shares [2]

(c) Maximum (1)

Called up (1)

Money/cash/payment (1)

[3]

(d)
$$\frac{8}{100} \times \frac{500\,000}{1000\,000} = \$0.04$$

(e) To spread the cost of a non-current asset over its useful life

[1]

(f) (i)
$$8000 - 1600 = 6400$$
 (1) $- 1600$ = 4800 (1)

[2]

(ii)
$$8000 - 2000 = 6000$$
 (1) $- 1500$) = 4500 (1)

[2]

(g) Revaluation (1)

Packing cases/loose tools/other appropriate example (1)

[2]

[1]

(h) Disposal account

[Total: 16]

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3 (a) Any two from –

To see the return on his investment

To see if he is generating funds for re-investment

To decide whether to continue in business or close the business

To compare the profit with previous years

To compare the profit with that of other businesses

To ensure that drawings do not exceed profit

To plan for the future/assist decision-making

To know if expenses can be controlled better/if improvements can be made

To calculate ratios/calculate profitability/measure performance

To compare profit with the salary if he worked elsewhere

For legal or tax purposes

Any 2 reasons (1) each

[2]

(b)

Account	Trial balance Debit or credit		Balance sheet section	
Drawings	Debit	(1)	Capital	(1)
Provision for doubtful debts	Credit	(1)	Current assets	(1)
Credit supplier	Credit	(1)	Current liabilities	(1)
Bank overdraft	Credit	(1)	Current liabilities	(1)
Long term bank loan	Credit	(1)	Non-current liabilities	(1)
Provision for depreciation	Credit	(1)	Non-current assets	(1)

[12]

(c) Any two from –

Omission	(1)	example of transaction totally omitted from the books	(1)
Commission	(1)	example of transaction posted to correct side of wrong	
		account of right class	(1)
Principle	(1)	example of transaction posted to correct side of wrong	
		account of wrong class	(1)
Original entry	(1)	example of transaction incorrectly recorded in book of	
		prime entry	(1)
Reversal	(1)	example of debit entry posted on credit side and vice versa	(1)
Compensating	(1)	example of two or more errors cancelling each other out	(1)

Naming any 2 errors (1) each

+ (1) each for appropriate example

[4]

[Total: 18]

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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4 (a)

·/		
Document	Alan	Vicky
Invoice	√ (1)	
Credit note	√ (1)	
Debit note		√ (1)
Statement of account	√ (1)	

[4]

(b)

		Insurance account	\$
2012		2013	*
July 1	Balance b/d	200 (1) June 30 Inc	come statement 1300 (1)OF
Sept 1	Bank/cash	<u>1320</u> (1) Ba	lance c/d <u>220</u> 1520
2013			
July 1	Balance b/d	220 (1)	
+ (1) date	es		

[5]

(c)

			Sta	atione	ery account			
			\$				\$	
2012					2013			
July 1	Balance	b/d	60	(1)	June 30	Income statement	760	(1)OF
2013						Balance c/d	110	
June 30	Bank/cash	1	<u>810</u>	(1)				
			<u>870</u>				<u>870</u>	
2013								
July 1	Balance	b/d	110	(1)				

+ (1) dates

[5]

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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(d) One from -

Sales ledger control account Purchases ledger control account Trial balance

Any one (1) [1]

,		`
•	Δ	١
١	C	,

			Cash Bo	ok (Bank		s on	ly)	\$	
2013					2013				
Aug 1	Balance Diga Howat	b/d	1690 658 512 	(1) (1) (1)	Aug 1	I	Bank charges Water rates Rent Balance c/d	61 205 1000 <u>1594</u> 2860	(1) (1) (1)
2013 Aug 1	Balance	b/d	1594	(1) OF					

[7]

(f)

Bank Reconciliation	on Statement at 1 A	ugust 2013	
		\$	\$
Balance shown in cash book			1594 (1)OF
Add Cheques not yet presented	Nash	701 (1)	` ,
	Zamir	<u>451</u> (1)	<u>1152</u>
		 · ,	2746
Less Amounts not yet credited	Cash sales		<u>1112</u> (1)
Balance shown on bank statement			1634 (1)

Alternative presentation Bank Reconciliation Sta	atement at 1 Augu	ust 20)13		
	\$	5		\$	
Balance shown on bank statement				1634	(1)
Add Amounts not yet credited	Cash sales			<u>1112</u>	(1)
				2746	
Less Cheques not yet presented	Nash	701	(1)		
	Zamir	<u>451</u>	(1)	<u>1152</u>	
Balance shown in cash book				<u>1594</u>	(1)OF

[5]

[Total: 27]

	Pa	ge 7		Ма	ark Schei	me		Syllab	us	Pap	er
		_	IGCS		ober/No		2013	0452		12	
5	(a)										
					Sub \$	scription	s account			\$	
		2012			*		2012			*	
		Aug 1 2013	Balance	b/d	60 00	(1)	Aug 1 2013	Balance	b/d	70	(1)
		July 31	Income ar				July 31	Bank		3100	` ,
			Expenditu Balance	re c/d	3190 10	(1)OF		Bad debts Balance	c/d	50 40	` ,
			Dalalice	C/U	3260			Dalalice	C/U	3260	
		2013					2013				
		Aug 1	Balance	b/d	40	(1)	Aug 1	Balance	b/d	10	(1)
											[7]
	<i>(</i> 1.)										
	(b)				Ton S	Shot Bad	minton Club				
			1	ncome S			/ear ended 3		3		
		Davanua						\$		\$ 5200 (4 \
		Revenue Less Cos	st of sales							5200 (1)
		Inve	ntory 1 Augu					400	(1)		
		Purc	hases (2800	– 150)				<u>2650</u> 3050	(1)		
		Less	Inventory 3	1 July 20)13			480	(1)	<u>2570</u>	
		Profit	-	-						<u>2630</u> (1)OF
											[5]
											• •
	(c)										
	(-)				•		minton Club				
			Income	and Exp	enditure /	Account	for the year	•	uly 20	13 \$	
		Subscrip	tions					\$		•	1)OF
			refreshment	s						<u>2630</u> (1)OF
		Rent						1400}		5820	
		Wages						1200}	(1)		
		Other co						370	(1)		
		Bad debt Deprecia	s tion – equipr	ment (62	00 + 380	0 – 8100))	50 <u>1900</u>	(1) (2)	<u>4920</u>	
			or the year	. (-			,		` '		1)OF
											[8]

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(d)

Top Shot Badminton Club Balance Sheet at 31 July 2013

\$ \$

Non-current Assets Equipment at valuation

8 100 **(1)**

Current Assets

 Inventory
 480 (1)

 Subscriptions accrued
 40 (1)

 Bank
 1 420 (1)

1 940

Current Liabilities

Net current assets <u>1 930</u> 10 030

Accumulated Fund Opening balance Plus Surplus for the year

9 130 **(1)**

900 (1)**OF**

[7]

(e)

Bank balance	Income and expenditure account			
No adjustments made for accruals and prepayments	Items are adjusted for accruals and prepayments			
Includes all money received and paid	Includes only revenue receipts and expenditures			
Includes only monetary items	Includes non-monetary items			

Any four reasons (1) each

[4]

[Total: 31]

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6 (a)

Amina

Revised Income Statement for	the year ended 31	August 2014
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	\$	\$
Revenue (95 000 + 9500)		104 500 (1)
Less Cost of production (60 000 – 4000)	56 000 (1)	
Depreciation of equipment (10% × 80 000)	<u>8 000</u> (1)	<u>64 000</u>
Gross profit		40 500
Less Other costs	25 000	
Loan interest (4% × 80 000)	<u>3 200</u> (1)	<u>28 200</u>
Profit for the year (1)		<u>12 300</u> (1)CF

Alternative presentation

Amina

Revised Income Statement for the year ended 31 August 2014

·	\$	\$
Original profit		10 000
Add Increase in selling price	9 500 (1)	
Decrease in repairs	<u>4 000</u> (1)	<u>13 500</u>
		23 500
Less Interest on loan	3 200 (1)	
Depreciation	<u>8 000</u> (1)	<u>11 200</u>
Revised profit for the year (1)		<u>12 300</u> (1)CF

[6]

(b) Advice – Purchase the equipment (1) Reason – Profit for the year is increased (1)

Or suitable advice and reason based on OF answer to (a)

[2]

(c) Any one from -

May not be able to obtain the loan Interest must be paid irrespective of profit Loan has to be re-paid at a future date May not want the commitment of a liability Estimated costs may be too low Loan interest may increase

Or other appropriate comment

Any 1 comment (2) marks

[2]

(d) (i)
$$\frac{10\,000}{64\,000} \times \frac{100}{1} = 15.62\%$$
 (1)

(ii)
$$\frac{(12\,300\,(1)\text{OF} + 3\,200\,(1))}{(64\,000 + 80\,000)\,(1)} \times \frac{100}{1} = 10.76\%\,(1)\,\text{OF}$$
 [5]

[Total: 15]